December 20, 2004

Mr. Kevin D. Pagan Deputy City Attorney City of McAllen P.O. Box 220 McAllen, Texas 78505-0220

OR2004-10768

Dear Mr. Pagan:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 215791.

The City of McAllen (the "city") received a request for accident and risk management reports pertaining to city fire department vehicular accidents.¹ You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.103 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Initially, we must address the city's responsibilities under the Public Information Act (the "Act"). Pursuant to section 552.301(e), a governmental body is required to submit to this office within fifteen business days of receiving an open records request (1) general written comments stating the reasons why the stated exceptions apply that would allow the requested information to be withheld, (2) a copy of the written request for information, (3) a signed statement or sufficient evidence showing the date the governmental body received the written request, and (4) a copy of the specific information requested or representative samples, labeled to indicate which exceptions apply to which parts of the documents. You did not submit a copy of the written request for information. Consequently, you failed to comply with section 552.301. Pursuant to section 552.302 of the Government Code, a governmental body's failure to comply with the procedural requirements of section 552.301 results in the legal presumption that the requested information is public and must be released. Information that is presumed public must be released unless a governmental body demonstrates a

As you have not submitted a copy of the request, we take our description from your brief.

compelling reason to withhold the information to overcome this presumption. See Gov't Code § 552.302; Hancock v. State Bd. of Ins., 797 S.W.2d 379, 381-82 (Tex. App.—Austin 1990, no writ) (governmental body must make compelling demonstration to overcome presumption of openness pursuant to statutory predecessor to section 552.302); Open Records Decision No. 319 (1982). Normally, a compelling reason to withhold information exists where some other source of law makes the information confidential or where third party interests are at stake. See Open Records Decision No. 150 at 2 (1977).

You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.103 of the Government Code. This section is a discretionary exception that protects a governmental body's interests and may be waived. As such, it does not generally constitute a compelling reason to withhold information. See Dallas Area Rapid Transit v. Dallas Morning News, 4 S.W.3d 469 (Tex. App.—Dallas 1999, no pet.) (governmental body may waive section 552.103); see also Open Records Decision No. 522 (1989) (discretionary exceptions in general). Therefore, none of the requested information may be withheld pursuant to section 552.103 of the Government Code.

We note, however, that the submitted information includes Texas Peace Officer's Accident Reports. Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision" and encompasses information made confidential by other statutes. Section 550.065(b) of the Transportation Code states that it "applies only to information that is held by the [Department of Public Safety] or another governmental entity and relates to a motor vehicle accident reported under [chapter 552] or Section 601.004 [of the Transportation Code.]" This section states that, except as provided by subsection (c), accident reports are privileged and confidential. Section 550.065(c)(4) provides for release of accident reports to a person who provides two of the following three pieces of information: (1) the date of the accident, (2) the name of any person involved in the accident, and (3) the specific location of the accident. See Transp. Code § 550.065(c)(4). Under this provision, a governmental entity is required to release a copy of an accident report to a person who provides two or more pieces of information specified by the statute. Id.

Because you have not submitted the request for information, we cannot determine whether the requestor has provided the city with at least two of the three listed pieces of information and must rule conditionally. If the requestor has provided the city with at least two of the three listed pieces of information, the city must release unredacted copies of the Texas Peace Officer's Accident Reports to him. See Open Records Decision No. 525 (1989) (exceptions found in predecessor to Act do not, as general rule, apply to information that is made public by other statutes). If, however, the requestor has not provided the required information, the city must withhold these reports pursuant to section 552.101 in conjunction with section 550.065.

Additionally, the remaining submitted information includes Texas-issued motor vehicle record information. Section 552.130 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure

information that "relates to . . . a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state [or] a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state." Gov't Code § 552.130. We have indicated the information that the city must withhold pursuant to section 552.130.

The remaining submitted information also includes information that may be excepted from disclosure under section 552.117 of the Government Code. Section 552.117(a)(1) excepts from public disclosure the present and former home address and telephone number, social security number, and family member information of current or former officials or employees of a governmental body who request that this information be kept confidential under section 552.024. If any of these employees elected prior to the receipt of this request to keep such information confidential, the city must withhold the home addresses and home telephone number we have marked pursuant to section 552.117(a)(1). The city may not withhold this information under section 552.117 for those employees who did not make a timely election to keep this information confidential.

Finally, the remaining submitted information contains insurance policy numbers that are subject to section 552.136 of the Government Code. Section 552.136 provides in relevant part:

- (a) In this section, "access device" means a card, plate, code, account number, personal identification number, electronic serial number, mobile identification number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier or means of account access that alone or in conjunction with another access device may be used to:
 - (1) obtain money, goods, services, or another thing of value; or
 - (2) initiate a transfer of funds other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device number that is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a governmental body is confidential.

Gov't Code § 552.136. The marked insurance policy numbers must be withheld under section 552.136.

In summary, the Texas Peace Officer's Accident Reports must be withheld under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 550.065 of the Transportation Code unless the requestor has complied with the release provision of section 550.065. The Texas-issued motor vehicle record information we have marked must be withheld pursuant to section 552.130 of the Government Code. For those employees who made timely elections pursuant to section 552.024 of the Government Code, you must withhold the home

addresses and home telephone number we have marked pursuant to section 552.117(a)(1) of the Government Code. The insurance policy numbers we have marked must be withheld under section 552.136 of the Government Code. The remaining submitted information must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Caroline E. Cho

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

CEC/sdk

Ref: ID# 215791

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Dr. Anthony Rogers

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(w/o enclosures)